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### **PIPELINES:**

# Number of leaks and spills continued to grow in 2015

Mike Lee, E&E reporter

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The number of pipeline leaks and spills rose to a five-year high last year, although there was a decline in serious accidents.

Across all types of pipelines, there were 709 reportable incidents in 2015, up from 701 the previous year and a 20 percent increase over 2011, according to statistics from the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration.

There were 326 breaches that involved injuries, deaths or sizable spills, which the Department of Transportation classifies as "significant incidents." That's also a five-year high and a 13 percent increase over 2011. PHMSA is part of DOT.

Pipeline industry groups say they have gotten better at avoiding large spills and leaks and that more of the spills are being confined to their own

property.

Significant incidents by pipeline type							
Yea	ar	Oil/ liquids	Gas transmission	Gas gathering	Gas distribution	LNG	Total
201	1	140	84	6	58	0	288
2012	2	132	62	7	52	0	253
2013	3	166	71	6	61	0	304
2014	4	153	76	9	63	2	303
201	5	180	76	4	66	0	326

Statistics from the U.S. Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration show the number of pipeline leaks and spills hit a five-year high in 2015, although the number of serious incidents declined. Source: PHMSA

"Our primary safety efforts are addressing larger incidents impacting the public or environment," John Stoody, vice president of the Association of Oil Pipe Lines, said in an email.

Carl Weimer, executive director of the Pipeline Safety Trust, said the industry could improve its record. While the number of major spills is down, for instance, the amount of oil spilled hasn't fallen.

5-year incident trend, all pipeline types							
Year	Total incidents	Significant incidents	Serious incidents	Deaths	Injuries		
2011	592	288	32	14	56		

"While the industry loves to point out that 99.999 percent of product moves through

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2012	573	253	28	12	57
2013	619	304	24	9	44
2014	701	303	28	19	96
2015	709	326	28	12	49

**Significant incidents:** death or injury, \$50,000 or more in damage, 50 barrels of liquid spilled or 5 barrels of volatile liquid

Serious incidents: death or injury

Source: PHMSA

pipelines safely, that means that, for instance in 2015, 4.3 million gallons of hazardous liquids spilled," Weimer said in an email.

Oil pipelines accounted for about two-thirds of

the leaks and spills in 2015 but 55 percent of the significant incidents. Gas transmission lines — the high-pressure pipes that carry the fuel over long distances — accounted for 20 percent of the overall incidents but 23 percent of the significant incidents.

The Interstate Natural Gas Association of America, which represents the biggest gas lines, said the statistics can be misleading, since PHMSA includes both cross-country and purely intrastate systems together as transmission lines.

Among INGAA's own members, "We've seen a virtual flat line in the number of PHMSA significant incidents," Cathy

Landry, a

All incidents by pipeline type							
Year	Oil/ liquids	Gas transmission	Gas gathering	Gas distribution	LNG	Total	
2011	345	118	10	119	0	592	
2012	366	104	12	90	1	573	
2013	401	106	6	105	1	619	
2014	445	132	9	112	3	701	
2015	456	143	5	103	2	709	

Source: PHMSA

spokeswoman for the association, said in an email. "We want drive those numbers down."

The increase in spills and leaks came as U.S. oil and gas production surged, increasing the use of pipelines. Oil output rose about two-thirds from 2011 to 2015, to about 9.4 million barrels a day, according to the U.S. Energy Information Administration. Gas output increased about one-fifth during the same time, to about 74 billion cubic feet a day.

PHMSA increased its enforcement activity in 2015, opening 197 cases. That's a turnaround from 2014, when the agency opened fewer cases and imposed fewer fines than the previous four years (*EnergyWire*, April 8, 2015).

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